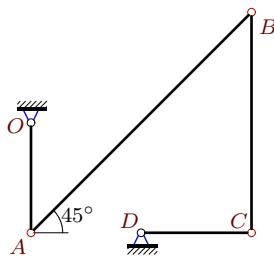


Уравнение трех угловых ускорений. Две степени свободы

В указанном положении механизма заданы угловые скорости и ускорения двух звеньев. Длины звеньев даны в сантиметрах. Звенья, направление которых не указано, принимать вертикальными или горизонтальными. Найти угловые ускорения звеньев механизма.

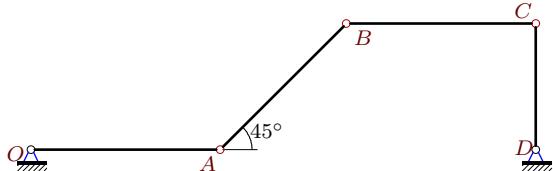
Кирсанов М.Н. Решебник. Теоретическая механика/Под ред. А. И. Кириллова.– М.: ФИЗМАТЛИТ, 2008. – 384 с. (с.183.)

Задача K20.1.



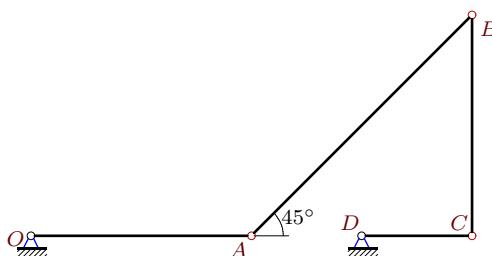
$$\begin{aligned}\omega_{OAz} &= 4 \text{ рад/с}, \omega_{CDz} = 0, \\ \varepsilon_{OAz} &= 0, \varepsilon_{BCz} = -8 \text{ рад/с}^2, \\ OA &= 1, AB = 2\sqrt{2}, BC = 2, CD = 1.\end{aligned}$$

Задача K20.3.



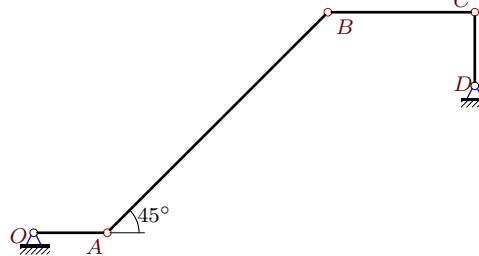
$$\begin{aligned}\omega_{OAz} &= 6 \text{ рад/с}, \omega_{CDz} = 0, \\ \varepsilon_{BCz} &= 52 \text{ рад/с}^2, \varepsilon_{CDz} = 12 \text{ рад/с}^2, \\ OA &= 3, AB = 2\sqrt{2}, BC = 3, CD = 2.\end{aligned}$$

Задача K20.5.



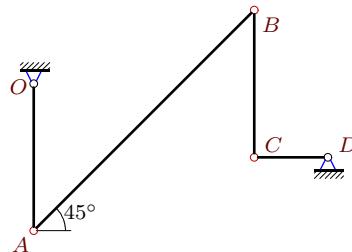
$$\begin{aligned}\omega_{OAz} &= 4 \text{ рад/с}, \omega_{BCz} = -2 \text{ рад/с}, \\ \varepsilon_{BCz} &= 6 \text{ рад/с}^2, \varepsilon_{CDz} = -4 \text{ рад/с}^2, \\ OA &= 2, AB = 2\sqrt{2}, BC = 2, CD = 1.\end{aligned}$$

Задача K20.2.



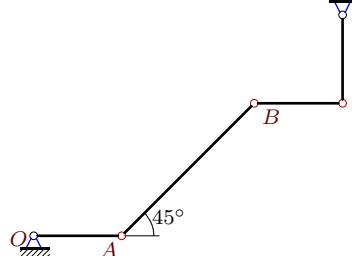
$$\begin{aligned}\omega_{OAz} &= 6 \text{ рад/с}, \omega_{BCz} = -3 \text{ рад/с}, \\ \varepsilon_{OAz} &= 18 \text{ рад/с}^2, \varepsilon_{BCz} = 15 \text{ рад/с}^2, \\ OA &= 1, AB = 3\sqrt{2}, BC = 2, CD = 1.\end{aligned}$$

Задача K20.4.



$$\begin{aligned}\omega_{OAz} &= 6 \text{ рад/с}, \omega_{BCz} = -6 \text{ рад/с}, \\ \varepsilon_{BCz} &= -75 \text{ рад/с}^2, \varepsilon_{CDz} = -6 \text{ рад/с}^2, \\ OA &= 2, AB = 3\sqrt{2}, BC = 2, CD = 1.\end{aligned}$$

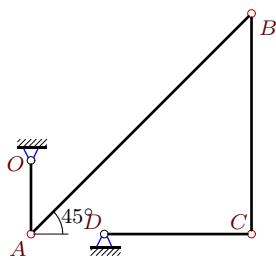
Задача K20.6.



$$\begin{aligned}\omega_{OAz} &= 6 \text{ рад/с}, \omega_{CDz} = 0, \\ \varepsilon_{BCz} &= 72 \text{ рад/с}^2, \varepsilon_{CDz} = 6 \text{ рад/с}^2, \\ OA &= 2, AB = 3\sqrt{2}, BC = CD = 2.\end{aligned}$$

Задача K20.7.

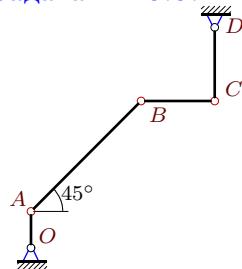
4



$\omega_{OAz} = 9 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{BCz} = -3 \text{ рад/с}$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 27 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{BCz} = -39 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 3$, $CD = 2$.

Задача K20.9.

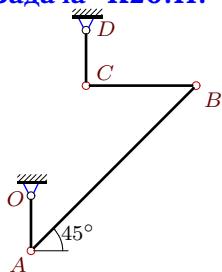
4



$\omega_{OAz} = 6 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = -6 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{BCz} = 30 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = CD = 2$.

Задача K20.11.

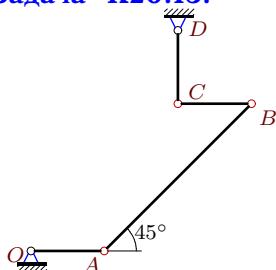
4



$\omega_{OAz} = -6 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{BCz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 0$, $\varepsilon_{BCz} = 3 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 2$, $CD = 1$.

Задача K20.13.

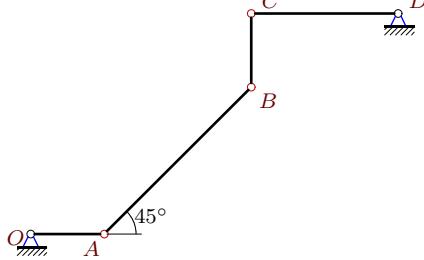
4



$\omega_{OAz} = -2 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 2 \text{ рад/с}$,
 $\varepsilon_{BCz} = 8 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = -4 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 2\sqrt{2}$, $BC = CD = 1$.

Задача K20.8.

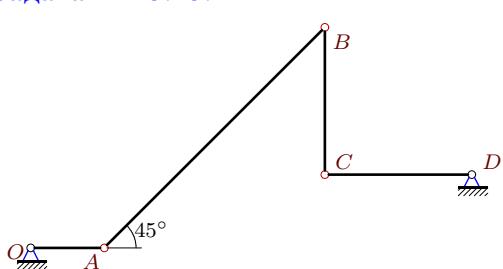
4



$\omega_{OAz} = -2 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 4 \text{ рад/с}$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 0$, $\varepsilon_{BCz} = -116 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 2\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 1$, $CD = 2$.

Задача K20.10.

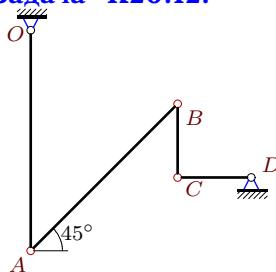
4



$\omega_{BCz} = -3 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 0$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = -6 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = CD = 2$.

Задача K20.12.

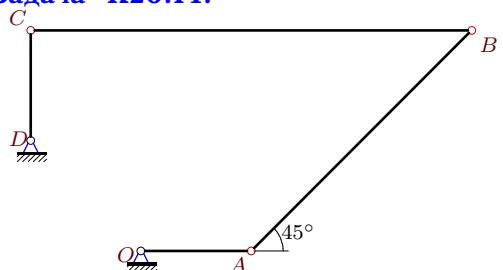
4



$\omega_{OAz} = 2 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 4 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = -2 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 3$, $AB = 2\sqrt{2}$, $BC = CD = 1$.

Задача K20.14.

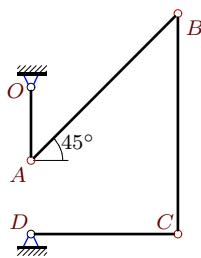
4



$\omega_{BCz} = -2 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{BCz} = -14 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = 8 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 2\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 4$, $CD = 1$.

Задача K20.15.

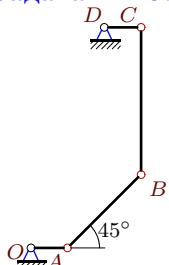
4



$\omega_{OAz} = 6 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{BCz} = -2 \text{ рад/с}$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 18 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = 6 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 2\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 3$, $CD = 2$.

Задача K20.17.

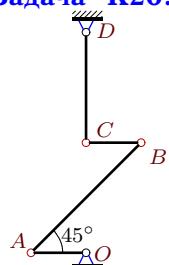
4



$\omega_{OAz} = -8 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{BCz} = -38 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = -8 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 2\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 4$, $CD = 1$.

Задача K20.19.

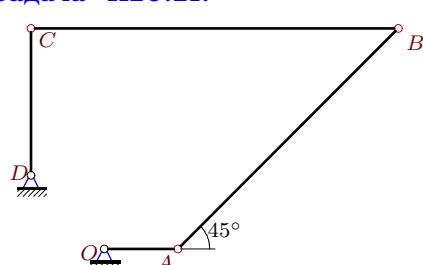
4



$\omega_{BCz} = 2 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 2 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = -4 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 2\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 1$, $CD = 2$.

Задача K20.21.

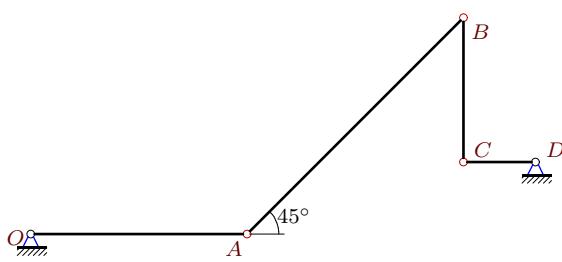
4



$\omega_{OAz} = -15 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = -30 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = -15 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 5$, $CD = 2$.

Задача K20.16.

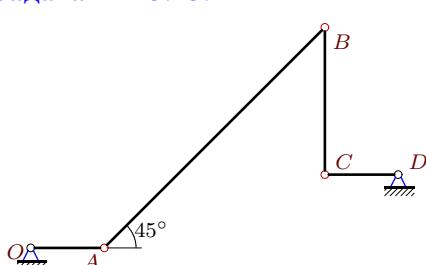
4



$\omega_{BCz} = -9 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 12 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{BCz} = 60 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 3$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 2$, $CD = 1$.

Задача K20.18.

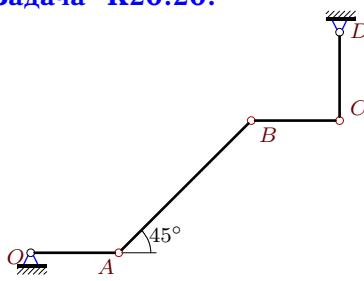
4



$\omega_{OAz} = 6 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{BCz} = 15 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = 12 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 2$, $CD = 1$.

Задача K20.20.

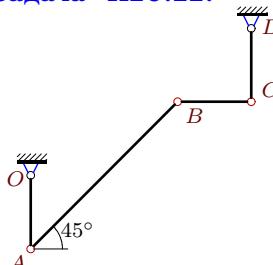
4



$\omega_{BCz} = -18 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = -12 \text{ рад/с}$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 6 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = 0$,
 $OA = 2$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = CD = 2$.

Задача K20.22.

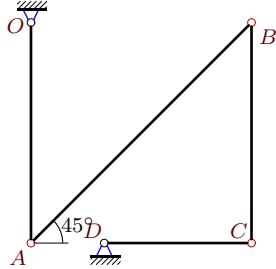
4



$\omega_{OAz} = \omega_{CDz} = 2 \text{ рад/с}$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 0$, $\varepsilon_{BCz} = 2 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 2\sqrt{2}$, $BC = CD = 1$.

Задача K20.23.

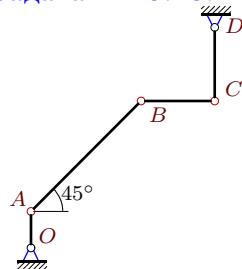
4



$\omega_{OAz} = 9 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 18 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{BCz} = -168 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 3$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 3$, $CD = 2$.

Задача K20.25.

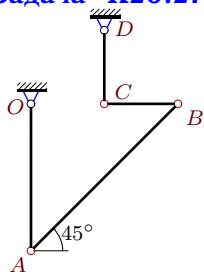
4



$\omega_{OAz} = 6 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{BCz} = 3 \text{ рад/с}$,
 $\varepsilon_{BCz} = 42 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = 6 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = CD = 2$.

Задача K20.27.

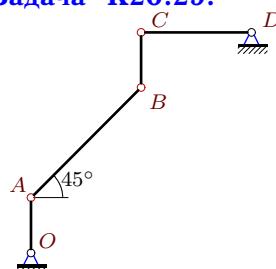
4



$\omega_{BCz} = -4 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{BCz} = \varepsilon_{CDz} = 2 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 2$, $AB = 2\sqrt{2}$, $BC = CD = 1$.

Задача K20.29.

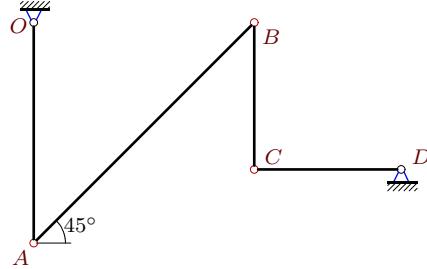
4



$\omega_{OAz} = -2 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{BCz} = 2 \text{ рад/с}$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 2 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = -2 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 2\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 1$, $CD = 2$.

Задача K20.24.

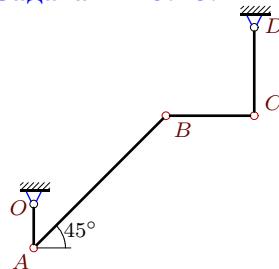
4



$\omega_{BCz} = -9 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 12 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = 6 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 3$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = CD = 2$.

Задача K20.26.

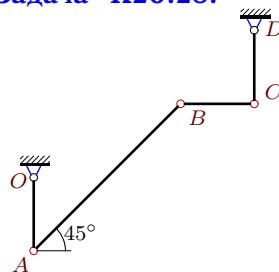
4



$\omega_{OAz} = 6 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{BCz} = -3 \text{ рад/с}$,
 $\varepsilon_{BCz} = -3 \text{ рад/с}^2$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = -6 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = CD = 2$.

Задача K20.28.

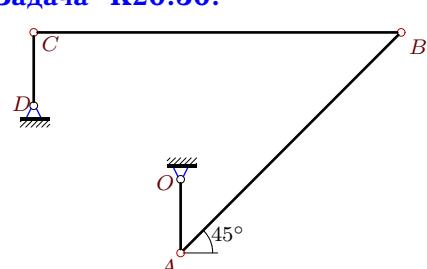
4



$\omega_{OAz} = 2 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{BCz} = -4 \text{ рад/с}$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = 0$, $\varepsilon_{CDz} = 4 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 2\sqrt{2}$, $BC = CD = 1$.

Задача K20.30.

4



$\omega_{OAz} = -15 \text{ рад/с}$, $\omega_{CDz} = 0$,
 $\varepsilon_{OAz} = \varepsilon_{CDz} = -15 \text{ рад/с}^2$,
 $OA = 1$, $AB = 3\sqrt{2}$, $BC = 5$, $CD = 1$.

K20 Ответы.

Уравнение трех угловых ускорений. Две степени свободы

13.04.2012

№	ω_{OAz}	ω_{ABz}	ω_{BCz}	ω_{CDz}	ε_{OA}	ε_{AB}	ε_{BC}	ε_{CD}
1	—	0	-2	—	—	-8	—	8
2	—	0	—	0	—	-16	—	6
3	—	0	-6	—	12	-96	—	—
4	—	0	—	0	6	-46	—	—
5	—	-2	—	4	4	-6	—	—
6	—	0	-6	—	6	-52	—	—
7	—	0	—	0	—	-30	—	9
8	—	-3	6	—	—	31	—	-4
9	—	-2	3	—	—	-4	—	-6
10	6	-2	—	—	—	2	27	—
11	—	0	—	-6	—	2	—	-6
12	—	0	-6	—	—	-23	-58	—
13	—	-1	-4	—	0	7	—	—
14	-8	0	—	—	-16	-20	—	—
15	—	0	—	0	—	-18	-18	—
16	6	-6	—	—	—	-32	—	6
17	—	4	-2	—	-16	28	—	—
18	—	-2	-3	—	0	-6	—	—
19	-2	0	—	—	—	8	14	—
20	6	8	—	—	—	-304	690	—
21	—	0	-3	—	—	-70	-48	—
22	—	0	0	—	—	-1	—	2
23	—	0	-9	—	—	-150	—	18
24	6	0	—	—	—	-94	-159	—
25	—	-2	—	0	-6	-12	—	—
26	—	2	—	0	0	-6	—	—
27	-2	-2	—	—	-2	1	—	—
28	—	2	—	-2	—	-14	36	—
29	—	0	—	0	—	6	-14	—
30	—	-5	-3	—	—	-20	18	—

K20 файл o20k4A